

## **MARKS: 20**

# MATHEMATICS

STD: X

**Chapter: Circles** 

**Duration: 50 minutes** 

Q.1. Solve (1 Mark each)

- At one end A of a diameter AB of a circle of radius 5 cm, tangent XAY is drawn to the circle. The length of the chord CD parallel to XY and at a distance 8 cm from A is

   (A) 4 cm
   (B) 5 cm
   (C) 6 cm
   (D) 8 cm
- 2. In the given figure, if O is the centre of a circle, PQ is a chord and the tangent PR at P makes an angle of  $50^\circ$

with PQ, then  $\angle$  POQ is equal to

		3	5	0	R
(A) 100°	(B) 80°	(C) 90°	(D) 75°		

3. In the given figure, if PA and PB are tangents to the circle with centre O such that  $\angle APB = 50^{\circ}$ , then  $\angle OAB$  is equal to



(A)  $25^{\circ}$  (B)  $30^{\circ}$  (C)  $40^{\circ}$  (D)  $50^{\circ}$ 



4. In the given figure, if PQR is the tangent to a circle at Q whose centre is O, AB is a chord parallel to PR and



#### Q.2. Solve (2 Marks)

 $\angle$ BQR = 70°, then  $\angle$ AQB is equal to

1. Out of the two concentric circles, the radius of the outer circle is 5 cm and the chord AC of length 8 cm is a tangent to the inner circle. Find the radius of the inner circle.

### Q.3. Solve (3 Mark each)

1. Two tangents PQ and PR are drawn from an external point to a circle with centre O. Prove that QORP is a cyclic quadrilateral.

2. A chord PQ of a circle is parallel to the tangent drawn at a point R of the circle. Prove that R bisects the arc

PRQ

#### Q.4. Solve (4 Mark each)

- From an external point P, two tangents, PA and PB are drawn to a circle with centre O. At one point E on the circle tangent is drawn which intersects PA and PB at C and D, respectively. If PA = 10 cm, find the perimeter of the triangle PCD.
- 2. AB is a diameter and AC is a chord of a circle with centre O such that  $\angle BAC = 30^{\circ}$ . The tangent at C intersects extended AB at a point D. Prove that BC = BD.